

# MODELING OF USER STATE — ESPECIALLY OF EMOTIONS

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# HOW TO FIND TROUBLE IN COMMUNICATION

- Emotion detection (especially of anger, rage, frustration)
  - makes it possible to react adequately to angry users
  - will lead to a higher degree of acceptance
  - is essential for call center applications:

**Annoyed users may never call again!**

- better: not ‘full-blown’ anger, but slight/medium irritation indicating a critical phase in dialogue
- look for peculiarities w.r.t. prosody, lexical content, grammatical structure, and dialogue structure
- combine with other modalities, i.e. interpretation of facial expression (not dealt with here)

Batliner et al.: How to Find Trouble in Communication.  
To appear in Speech Communication

# PROSODY AND EMOTIONS: RESEARCH APPROACHES

- actors (classic, basic research)
- readers (classic, basic research)
- simulation in a WOZ–scenario, closer to *real life*
- human beings in *real life* (not yet)

# PROSODIC CLASSIFICATION

- (normally Neural Networks: MLP)
- Linear Discriminant Analysis LDA
- Cart and Regression Trees CRT
- cross-classification (leave-one-out)
- equal distribution
- other default settings

**special interest here: comparison of the three scenarios,  
not optimization of classification**

# PROSODIC FEATURE SET

features	context size				
	-2	-1	0	1	2
DurTauLoc; EnTauLoc; F0MeanGlob			•		
Dur: Norm,Abs,AbsSyl; En: RegCoeff,MseReg,Norm,Abs,Mean,Max,MaxPos; F0: RegCoeff,MseReg,Mean,Max,MaxPos,Min,MinPos		• • •	• • •	• • •	
Pause-before, PauseFill-before; F0: Off,Offpos		•	•		
Pause-after, PauseFill-after; F0: On,Onpos			•	•	
Dur: Norm,Abs,AbsSyl En: RegCoeff,MseReg,Norm,Abs,Mean F0: RegCoeff,MseReg	• • •			• • •	
F0: RegCoeff,MseReg; En: RegCoeff,MseReg; Dur: Norm			•		
API,APN,AUX,NOUN,PAJ,VERB	•	•	•	•	•

# OVERALL PERCENTAGE OF CORRECTLY CLASSIFIED CASES

	cross-classified				$l \neq t$
features	prosodic–acoustic		pros.–acoust. + word info		prosodic acoustic
	LDA	CRT	LDA	CRT	MLP
actor	89	81	97	91	86
read	73	69	82	78	54
WOZ	69	65	71	68	63

prosodic–acoustic: ‘pure’ prosody, computed globally for whole turn  
 pros.–acoust. + word info: prosodic features based on output of word recognition, normalized, computed globally for whole turn

# WHERE HAVE ALL THE EMOTIONS GONE?

- only 5 subjects (out of 62) reported that they have **not** been angry but amused
- problematic operationalization: emotional = marked prosodically?
- actors: act emotionally because they are supposed to do 'as if'
- 'readers': can only vary prosody
- 'normal' human beings in (semi-) natural situations have much more possibilities to express their state, for instance:

## repetitions per phase

phase in dialogue	0	1	2	3	4	5
# of occurrences	0	29	74	66	69	46

# TRANSCRIPTION CONVENTIONS FOR PROSODIC PECULIARITIES

<B> = breathing,

<P> = pause,

\*1 = Pauses between syntactic/semantic units,

\*2 = hyper-clear speech,

\*3 = strong emphasis,

\*4 = pauses between words,

\*5 = very strong emphasis,

\*6 = pauses inside words,

\*7 = syllable lengthening,

\*8 = hyper-articulation (with phoneme changes),

\*9 = speech distorted by sighing or laughter.



# WOZ-DIALOGUE, FAULTY SYSTEM UTTERANCE, EARLY PHASE IN DIALOGUE

system: *die Urlaubszeit ist vom fünfzehnten Juni bis zwanzigsten Juli.*  
*vacation time is from 15th of June to 20th of July.*

user: *ja, das hat ja auch nicht viel damit zu tun, da wir uns*  
*im Januar befinden, ne?*  
*yes, and this has not much to do with the fact that we*  
*are talking about January, has it?*

# WOZ-DIALOGUE, FAULTY SYSTEM UTTERANCE, LATER PHASE

system: *die Urlaubszeit ist vom fünfzehnten Juni bis zwanzigsten Juli.*  
*vacation time is from 15th of June to 20th of July.*

user: *<B> ja, klasse. <P> Dienstag, zwölfter erster,*  
*achtzehn \*3 bis zweiundzwanzig \*2 Uhr \*2.*  
*<B> yes, great. <P> Tuesday the 12th of January, 6 to 10pm.*

<B> = breathing

<P> = pause

\*2 = hyperclear speech

\*3 = strong emphasis

# WOZ-DIALOGUE, FAULTY SYSTEM UTTERANCE, EVEN LATER PHASE

system: *die Urlaubszeit ist vom fünfzehnten Juni bis zwanzigsten Juli.*  
*vacation time is from 15th of June to 20th of July.*

user: *dich sollte man feuern. <B> sechster \*4 Januar \*4,*  
*<P> zwanzig \*2 bis zweiundzwanzig Uhr.*  
*you should be thrown out. <B> 6th of January,*  
*<P> 8 to 10 p.m.*

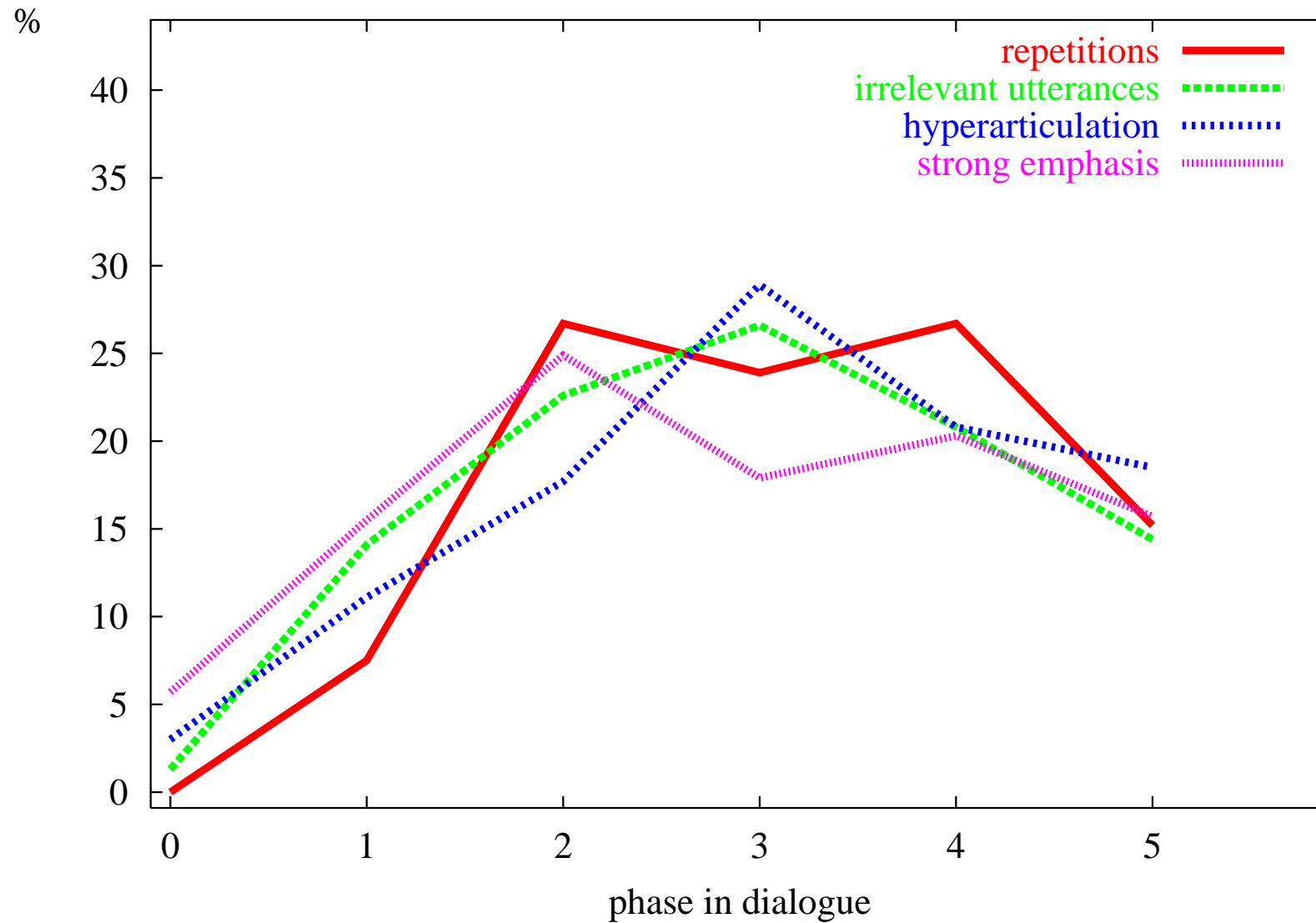
<B> = breathing

<P> = pause

\*2 = hyperclear speech

\*4 = pauses between words

# OCCURRENCE OF CONVERSATIONAL AND PROSODIC PECULIARITIES



# CONCEPTS USED FOR WOZ CLASSIFICATION

phenomena	#	source
prosodic features *	91	extracted automatically
part-of-speech features POS *	6	annotated in the lexicon by hand
dialogue act features DA	18	LM: trained with VERBMOBIL data, automatic annotation
prosodic peculiarities	10/2	annotated by hand
repetitions	2	annotated automatically (Levenshtein distance)
syntactic-prosodic S boundaries	5	LM: trained with VERBMOBIL data, automatic annotation

# CLASSIFICATION OF ANGER VS. NO ANGER

- LDA, leave-one-out, best classification result in percent
- different feature combinations for Actor, Read, and WOZ

	Actor	Read	WOZ
# of cases	10316	13053	28649
features	avRec	avRec	avRec
prosodic	95.4	77.4	73.2
POS	72.2	63.0	66.1
POS, only 0	72.4	57.6	64.1
pros./POS	95.7	79.6	73.7

WOZ	
# of case	28649
features	avRec
DA	56.1
POS/DA	66.8
pros./DA	73.4
pros./POS/DA	<b>74.2</b>

# WHY NO SATISFYING CLASSIFICATION OF WOZ-DATA?

- suboptimal classifiers?
- suboptimal features?
- ‘prosodic’ WOZ-labels: rather ‘segmental’ labels?
- not enough training material
- ‘noise’: multi-functionality of prosody (boundaries, accents, etc.)
- most important however:
  - camouflage of emotions esp. in transactional situations
  - marking of emotion not only by prosodic means

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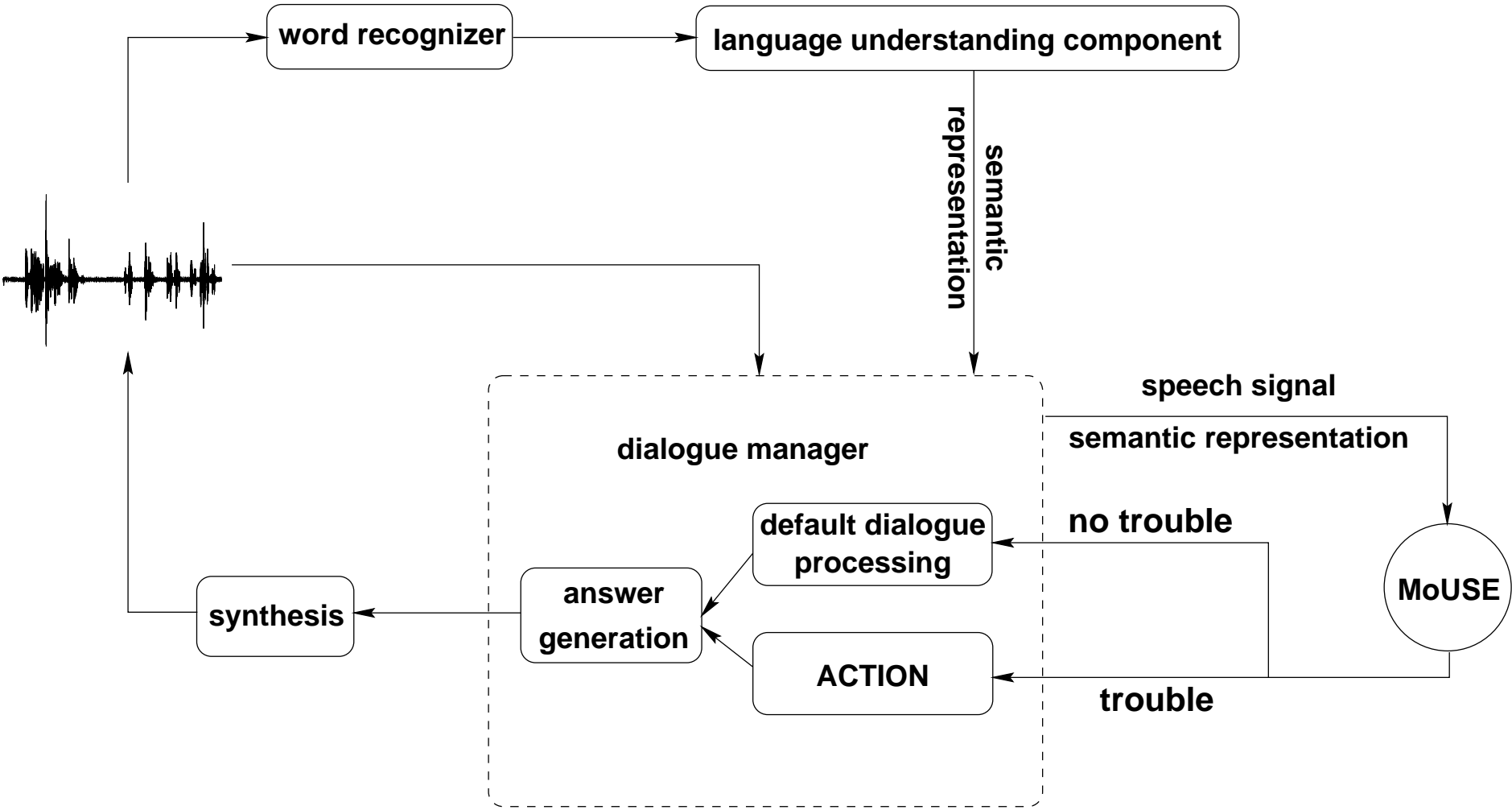
- multi-knowledge approach:  
**M**onitoring of **U**ser **S**tate [*especially of*] **E**motion MoUSE

# WHAT CAN BE DONE?

- **Monitoring of User State [esp. of] Emotion (MoUSE)**
  - context-independent strategies
    - \* prosody
    - \* lexical material (cursing, etc.)
  - context-sensitive strategies
    - \* repetitions
    - \* re-formulations
    - \* metalanguage, self-talk
- detection of Trouble in Communication



# MOUSE: POSSIBLE INTEGRATION IN AN AUTOMATIC DIALOGUE SYSTEM



# MoUSE

