



Contents

- Task & Motivation, example
- Hand-crafted approach
 > TBL (Alembic workbench)
 > DFKI's SMES technology
- Automated (ML) approaches
 ≻ Hidden Markov Models
 - Decision Trees
 - Maximum Entropy Models
- Hand-crafted vs. automated
- Increasing performance

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The who, where, when & how much in a sentence The task: identify lexical and phrasal information in • text which express references to named entities NE, e.g., > person names company/organization names \succ locations > dates× > percentages > monetary amounts Determination of an NE's > Specific type according to some taxonomy > Canonical representation (template structure) 22/02/2002

Example from MUC-7
Delimit the named entities in a text and tag them with NE types:
<enamex type=',,LOCATION"'>Italy</enamex> 's business world was rocked by the announcement <timex type=',,DATE"'>last Thursday</timex> that Mr. <enamex type=',,PERSON"'>Verdi</enamex> would leave his job as vice-president of <enamex type=',,ORGANIZATION"'>Music Masters of Milan, Inc</enamex> to become operations director of <enamex type=',,ORGANIZATION"'>Arthur Andersen</enamex> .
•,,Milan" is part of organization name
•,,Arthur Andersen" is a company
•,,Italy" is sentence-initial => capitalization useless
22/02/2002 5



















Two principle ways of specifying NE

- Hand-craft rule writing

 still the best performance when fined-grained classification is needed
 Hard to adapt to new domains

 Machine learning
 - System-based adaptation two new domains
 - Very good for coarse-grained classification

15

> Still requiere large annotated corpora

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NE recognition of German DFKI`s SMES technology

- Based an two primary data structures
 <u>Weighted</u> finite state Machines
 - Dynamic tries for lexical & morphological processing
 - recursive traversal (e.g., for compound & derivation analysis)
 - robust retrieval (e.g., shortest/longest suffix/prefix)

23

- Parameterizable XML-output interface
- Both tools are portable across different platforms (Unix & Windows NT)

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POS-Filter (1)	
 The task of POS FILTER is to filter out unplausible readings of ambiguous word forms 	
 large amount of German word forms are ambiguous 	
 more than 20% ambiguous word forms in test corpus ca. 30% of the ambiguous word forms have verb reading 	
• case-sensitive rules	
- "das Unternehmen" - the enterprise VS. "wir unternehmen" - we undertake	
- problems at the beginning of the sentence	
 contextual filtering rules 	
- example: "Sie bekannten, die bekannten Bilder gestohlen zu haben" They confessed they have stolen the famous pictures	
"bekannten" - to confess VS. famous	
- FILTERING RULE:	
if the <u>previous word form is determiner</u> and the <u>next word form</u> <u>is a noun</u> then <u>filter out the verb reading</u> of the current word form	
22.02/2002	28



Named Entity Finder	
 The task of the NAMED ENTITY FINDER is the identification of: 	
 entities: organizations, persons, locations temporal expressions: time, date quantities: monetary values, percentages, numbers 	
 Identification in two steps: 	
 recognition patterns expressed as WFSA are used to identify phrases containing potential candidates for named entities 	
 additional constraints (depending on the type of a candidate) are used for validating the candidates and an appropriate extraction rule is applied in order to recover the named entity 	
example: "von knapp neun Milliarden auf über 43 Milliarden Spanische Pesetas" from almost nine billions to more than 43 billions spanish pesetas	
TYPE: monetary	
SUBTYPE: monetary-prepositional-phrase	
• Longest match strategy	
22/02/2002 30	





 Basis corj 197 	pus of German business maga 118 tokens)	azine "Wirtschaftswool	he" (1,2MB,
• Perform	mance		
~10	sec. (~12000wrds/sec; Pentiu	umIII, 700MHz, 256Ra	am)
• Evalua	tion (20.000 tokens)	Recall	Precision
> con	pound analysis:	98.53 %	99.29 %
🕨 par	t-of-speech-filterung:	74.50 %	96.36 %
Nai	med entity (including NE refe	erence resolution)	
		85 %	95.77 %
•	person names:	81.27%	95.92%
•	companies:	67.34%	96.69%
-	locations:	75.11%	88.20%
-	total:	73.94%	94.10%