# A Multimodal Corpus of Expert Gaze and Behavior during Phonetic Segmentation Tasks

Arif Khan<sup>1-3</sup>, Ingmar Steiner<sup>1,2</sup>, Yusuke Sugano<sup>4</sup>, Andreas Bulling<sup>1,5</sup>, Ross Macdonald<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Multimodal Computing and Interaction, Saarland University <sup>3</sup>Saarbrücken Graduate School of Computer Science <sup>5</sup>Max Planck Institute for Informatics, Saarbrücken, Germany <sup>2</sup>DFKI Language Technology Lab, Saarbrücken <sup>4</sup>Osaka University, Japan <sup>6</sup>University of Manchester, UK

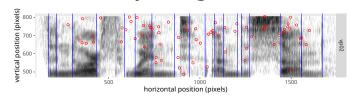
#### 1 Introduction

- Phonetic segmentation is the process of splitting speech into distinct phonetic units.
- Automatic phonetic segmentation should replicate the precision of human segmentation as closely as
- possible, but segmentation behavior data is scarce.
- This corpus captures human segmentation behavior by recording phonetician's gaze with an eyetracker, along with other relevant modalities.

### 2 Data recording

- Segmentation of a 46 s audio recording (48 kHz sampling rate).
- The audio was segmented using the *Praat* software.
- Segmenter gaze was recorded with a Tobii TX300 eyetracker.
- Playback audio, webcam video, and screen contents were also recorded.
- The *Praat* UI state and final manual segmentation were also stored.

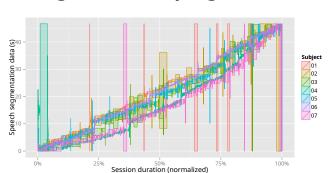
## 3 Gaze on spectrogram



- Spectrogram of the utterance "The North Wind and the Sun".
- Fixations are rendered as red circles.
- Blue lines represent the manual boundaries placed by the participant.

# 4 Fixation regions Section Waveform Spectrogram Annotation

# 5 Segmentation progress



### 6 Conclusion

- Recorded a multimodal corpus of segmentation behavior data from phonetic experts.
- All relevant information sources were recorded, e.g., gaze, playback audio, video, and screen recording.
- The processed data is released under a Creative Commons license and publicly available on GitHub: https://git.io/eyeseg-data.

# 7 Acknowledgements

- We are grateful to our participants for their time and valuable feedback.
- This project was funded by the German Research Foundation (DFG) under grant EXC 284.













